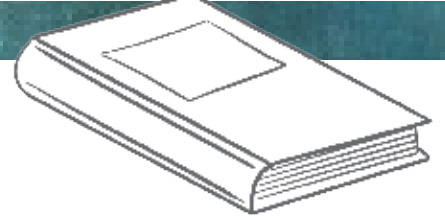


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KS2 SATs: a parents' guide

If your child will be sitting Y6 SATs in 2023, read on for the most up-to-date information for parents.



In the summer term of 2016, children in Y2 and Y6 were the first to take new SATs tests. The current SATs for English and maths reflect the updated national curriculum, and are more rigorous than previous years' tests. There is also a completely new SATs marking scheme and grading system which has replaced national curriculum levels.

What are SATs?

At the end of Y6, English schoolchildren sit national tests in **Reading, Maths and Spelling, punctuation and grammar (SPAG)**. These tests are both set and marked

externally, and the results are used to measure the school's performance (for example, through reporting to Ofsted and published league tables). Your child's marks will be used in conjunction with teacher assessment to give a broader picture of their attainment.

KS2 reading

The reading test is a single paper with questions based on three passages of text. Your child will have an hour, including reading time, to complete the test. There will be a selection of question types, including:

- Ranking/ordering, for example, 'Number the events below to show the order in which they happen in the story'
- Find and copy, e.g. 'Find and copy a word that suggests what the weather is like in the story'
- Short constructed response, for example: 'What does the bear eat?'

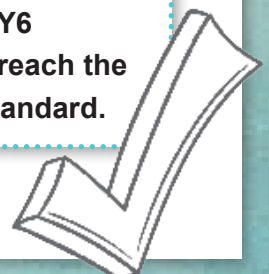
How are SATs marked?

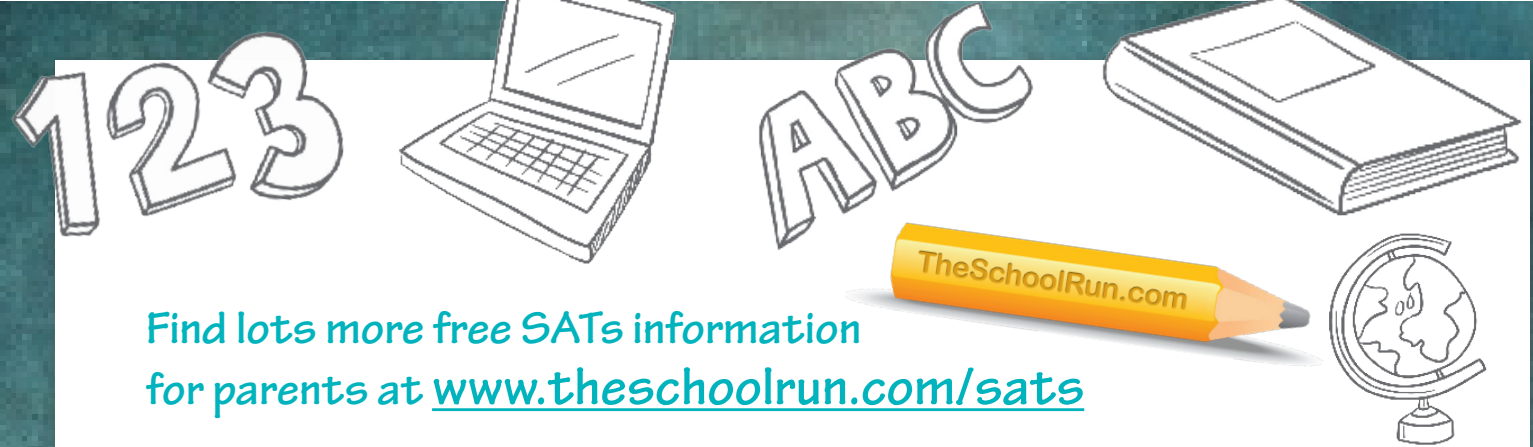
- Instead of national curriculum levels, children are given scaled scores and details of whether they've reached the expected standard ('NS' means that the expected standard was not achieved; 'AS' means it was).

- The scaled scores for the KS2 test range between 80 (the lowest possible scaled score) and 120 (the highest possible scaled score). The expected standard for each test is a scaled score of 100 or more.

- The Department for Education expects at least 65 per cent of Y6 children to reach the expected standard.

SATs results are used to measure your child's school's performance





Find lots more free SATs information
for parents at www.theschoolrun.com/sats

In 2018 the Department for Education announced that the reading content of KS2 SATs will be closely linked to the curriculum in future years to ensure children are drawing on their knowledge when answering reading comprehension questions.

KS2 grammar, spelling and punctuation

The SPAG test consists of two parts: a grammar and punctuation paper requiring short answers, lasting 45 minutes, and an aural spelling test of 20 words, lasting around 15 minutes.

The grammar and punctuation test includes two sub-types of questions:

- Selected response, e.g. 'Identify the adjectives'
- Constructed response, e.g. 'Correct/complete/rewrite the sentence below,' or, 'The sentence below has an apostrophe missing. Explain why it needs an apostrophe.'

KS2 maths

Children sit three papers in maths: Paper 1 (arithmetic, 30 minutes), Papers 2 and 3 (reasoning, 40 minutes each).

Paper 1 consists of fixed response questions (children have to give correct answers to calculations). Papers 2 and 3 involve question types including multiple choice.

KS2 science

Ministers have decided not to undertake any further science sampling tests at KS2 from September 2022 onwards. Schools will still submit teacher assessment data at both KS1 and KS2.



KS2 SATs 2023 timetable

- The Year 6 KS2 SATs will be administered from the 9 May 2023.

Tuesday 9 May 2023

English grammar, punctuation and spelling
Paper 1: questions and Paper 2: spelling

Wednesday 10 May 2023 English reading

Thursday 11 May 2023

Mathematics Paper 1: arithmetic and Paper 2: reasoning

Friday 12 May 2023 Mathematics Paper 3: reasoning

www.theschoolrun.com

Do all children have to take SATs?

In England, the tests for all seven year olds (KS1 SATs in Y2) will be non-compulsory from September 2023 onwards, but will remain compulsory for 11 year olds (KS2 SATs in Y6).

